CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE: 3026COMPANY NAME: DUTCH LADY MILK INDUSTRIES BERHADFINANCIAL YEAR: December 31, 2022

OUTLINE:

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board plays an active role in the development of the Company's strategy. At each Board meeting, the Managing Director reports to the Board on various management issues such as the Company's business performance, marketing strategies, commercial performance, risk management, sustainability initiatives and other matters of strategic importance and the Board reviews and deliberates on these matters. The Audit & Risk Committee and the Board also receives a comprehensive summary of the Company's financial performance from the Finance Director for each quarterly reporting period. In November 2022, the Board together with Management deliberated on the financial budget for the financial year ending 31 December 2023 and the same was approved for implementation.
Explanation for : departure	
	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Chairperson ensures that the Company is guided by good corporate governance practices. She facilitates robust dialogue during Board meetings and draws out diverse perspective from the Board members. She always encourages input and Board members are comfortable to challenge recommendations brought forth by Management. The Chairperson ensures that there is a good balance between the time allocated to governance matters and discussions on business performance and strategies during Board meetings. She also ensures that meetings focus on key issues and are not side tracked by unnecessary topics. In FY2022, to further enhance discussions between the Board members, the Chairperson has routinely held meetings with the Non-Executive Directors without the presence of Management, as well as meetings with the Directors who do not represent the major shareholder, Royal FrieslandCampina N.V. (RFC). This allows for a frank exchange of views amongst the non-executive directors where all non-executive directors can share their views on the issues discussed at the Board meetings and align on guidance that they wish to share with Management.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged pelow.	
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3

The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The roles of the Chairperson and the Managing Director are separate and there is a clear division of responsibilities between them. The Managing Director is an appointee of the major shareholder and heads the Management Team. She is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the business and operations of the Company. The Chairperson is an independent director who has never assumed an executive position in the Company.
Explanation for departure	:
Large companies are required to complete the columns	uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.
Measure	:
Timeframe	:

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The Chairman of the board should not be a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Note: If the board Chairman is not a member of any of these specified committees, but the board allows the Chairman to participate in any or all of these committees' meetings, by way of invitation, then the status of this practice should be a 'Departure'.		
Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Chairperson is not a member of any of the Board committees and does not attend or otherwise participate in any of the committee meetings.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Company Secretary is a licensed secretary qualified to act as Company Secretary under Section 235 of the Companies Act 2016. She is a qualified lawyer and provides legal and company secretarial advice to the Board and the Company's Management Team. All Board members have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary in carrying out their duties. The Company Secretary facilitates overall compliance with the Listing Requirements, the Companies Act 2016 and the recommendations in compliance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance (as amended from time to time).
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requines to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.6

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	For each Board Meeting, the agenda and Board papers are distributed at least seven days in advance to enable Directors to have sufficient time to review the Board papers and to obtain further explanation or clarification to facilitate the decision-making process and the meaningful discharge of their fiduciary duties. All proceedings of Board meetings are minuted and circulated to the Board members in advance of the next Board meeting for their comments and input.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies–

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board has adopted a Board Charter which sets out the Board's strategic intent and outlines the Board's roles and responsibilities, the vision, mission, shared values and principles, as well as the policies and strategic development of the Company. The Board Charter specifies clearly the roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Board Committees, individual directors and Management. The Charter is updated from time to time. The latest update to the Board Charter was approved by the Board in November 2022 whereby changes were made to more explicitly describe what long-term value creation means in respect of Economic, Environmental, Social and Governance (EES&G) monitoring and management. The updated Charter is available for reference at the Company's website at www.dutchlady.com.my	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are requi	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.	
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	Specific principles and procedures in the manner the Company conducts its business are clearly spelt out in RFC's Code of Business Conduct which has been adopted by the Company. The Code of Business Conduct is known as Compass and is designed to set a certain standard for all employees and officers of the Company. It promotes integrity in the workplace with focus on safety, rights of employees and human rights, sustainability and avoidance of conflicts of interest. Compass also promotes integrity in business practices with focus on anti-bribery and anti-corruption, gifts and hospitality, fair competition, and fair communication. Finally, Compass focusses on the protection of the Company's interests with focus on protection of confidential information, data protection, integrity of financial reporting and the prevention of fraud. In addition to Compass, the Company has adopted RFC's anti-bribery and corruption policy known as the Doing Honest Business Policy (DHB Policy). The DHB Policy is a policy to conduct business in an honest and ethical manner. The policy has been localized to set out values in Malaysian Ringgit for easier application by the Company's employees and stakeholders. The Company's business partners are also required to conduct business in the manner set out in RFC's Business Practices for Business Partners, which the Company has adopted. Moreover, the Company also takes steps to be in compliance with Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009, which are in line with the Guidelines for Adequate Procedures as prescribed by Section 17A. A copy of Compass, the DHB Policy and the briefing materials on Section 17A is available on the Company's website at <u>www.dutchlady.com.my</u> .
departure	

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure	:		
Timeframe	:		

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	Under Compass, employees and other stakeholders have access to the Speak Up procedure, which serves as an avenue for employees and other stakeholders to voice out their concerns on matters relating to Compass. The Speak Up procedure clearly sets out a well-defined process upon which Compass-related matters can be raised in confidence and anonymity (if requested) in good faith, and without fear of reprisal. The Speak Up phone and web service which is managed by an independent third party is available on any day of the year and at any time. Details of the methods to raise Speak Up Reports are available on the Company's website along with a copy of the Speak Up procedure at <u>www.dutchlady.com.my</u>	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.1

The board together with management takes responsibility for the governance of sustainability in the company including setting the company's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets.

The board takes into account sustainability considerations when exercising its duties including among others the development and implementation of company strategies, business plans, major plans of action and risk management.

Strategic management of material sustainability matters should be driven by senior management.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The governance, management and reporting on the Company's sustainability agenda is led by the Managing Director and is overseen by the Board. To improve upon sustainability governance, the Board Charter was also amended to more explicitly describe n what long-term value creation means in respect of EES&G risks monitoring and management. A Sustainability Steering Committee (SSC), which consists of various functional team members and is chaired by the Managing Director, was also formed in 2022 to lead sustainability strategy formulation as well as EES&G integration approaches.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requir to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.2

The board ensures that the company's sustainability strategies, priorities and targets as well as performance against these targets are communicated to its internal and external stakeholders.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	: The Board ensures that information on the Company's sustainability strategies, priorities, targets and performance is shared in the Company's Sustainability Statement in the Integrated Annual Report.
Explanation for departure	:
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.	
Measure	:
Timeframe	:

The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.3

The board takes appropriate action to ensure they stay abreast with and understand the sustainability issues relevant to the company and its business, including climate-related risks and opportunities.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board, in partnership with Management and other stakeholders, are committed towards ensuring that responsible corporate conduct is demonstrated and practiced in the Company's daily business activities across all aspects of its operations. The Company's sustainability goals and initiatives are discussed with Management at every Board meeting. Management provides updates the Board every quarter on its sustainability roadmap, challenges, goals and achievements.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are requir	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns be	elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.4

Performance evaluations of the board and senior management include a review of the performance of the board and senior management in addressing the company's material sustainability risks and opportunities.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The performance evaluation of senior management is carried out in accordance with human resource policies of RFC group. The Company's performance (which includes reaching goals under its sustainability strategy) is a part of the assessment. When evaluating the performance of the Board for FY2022, it was considered whether conversations on EES&G form part of the Board Agenda and if progress on sustainability initiatives are monitored at the Board level.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requir to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The company addresses sustainability risks and opportunities in an integrated and strategic manner to support its long-term strategy and success.

Practice 4.5- Step Up

The board identifies a designated person within management, to provide dedicated focus to manage sustainability strategically, including the integration of sustainability considerations in the operations of the company.

Note: The explanation on adoption of this practice should include a brief description of the responsibilities of the designated person and actions or measures undertaken pursuant to the role in the financial year.		
Application	:	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	The Company has, in 2022, appointed a Head of Sustainability and a Sustainability Manager who manages sustainability strategically and integrates sustainability considerations in the operations of the Company.

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.1

The Nomination Committee should ensure that the composition of the board is refreshed periodically. The tenure of each director should be reviewed by the Nomination Committee and annual re-election of a director should be contingent on satisfactory evaluation of the director's performance and contribution to the board.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Nominating & Remuneration Committee performs an annual evaluation of the performance and contribution of every director and board committee, which was rated as satisfactory in 2022. In addition, the Board has adopted a policy to limit the tenure of an independent director to 9 years without further extension.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are ro to complete the colum	•	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged clow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.2

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

Application :	Departure	
Explanation on : application of the practice		
Explanation for : departure	Currently the Board consists of 4 independent and 4 non-independent directors. Of the 4 non-independent directors, 3 are nominees of the major shareholder, RFC, and 1 is a nominee of Permodalan Nasional Berhad who is a minority shareholder. As such 5 out of 8 of the Board members represents the Company's minority shareholders. The Company's major shareholder is a foreign co-operative of farmers. The Board considers that the current composition fairly reflects the foreign direct investment and the investment of the minority shareholders. The proportion of independent directors ensures effective checks and balances on the Board and the independent directors effectively safeguard the interest of the minority shareholders.	
		number of independent and non- r, a majority of the Board members ity shareholders.
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	-	Non-large companies are encouraged
Measure :	The Company has an equal	number of independent and non- r, a majority of the Board members nority shareholders.
Timeframe :	Others	More than 3 years - The Board will monitor and review this in the future

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.3

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should provide justification and seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	:	Not applicable - Step Up 5.4 adopted
Explanation on application of the practice	:	
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are re	quir	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the column	ns be	elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.4 - Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years without further extension.

Note: To qualify for adoption of this Step Up practice, a listed issuer must have a formal policy which limits the tenure of an independent director to nine years without further extension i.e. shareholders' approval to retain the director as an independent director beyond nine years.		
Application	:	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice:On 25 Nov 2021, the Board adopted a policy to limit the tenure of an independent director to 9 years without further extension. The policy is available on www.dutchlady.com.my		

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.5

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Directors appointed should be able to devote the required time to serve the board effectively. The board should consider the existing board positions held by a director, including on boards of non-listed companies. Any appointment that may cast doubt on the integrity and governance of the company should be avoided.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board consists of qualified individuals with a good mix of operational and commercial experience. In the appointment of Board members, the Nominating & Remuneration Committee will consider whether members of the Board have both local and international experience and that together, they bring a wide range of competencies, capabilities, technical skills and relevant business experience. The Board also make best endeavors at all times to have at least 30% women Directors on the Board. Currently, out of the 8 members on the Board, 6 are women. As such the Board comprises of 75% women directors.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

If the selection of candidates was based on recommendations made by existing directors, management or major shareholders, the Nominating Committee should explain why these source(s) suffice and other sources were not used.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice Explanation for : departure	 In respect of the appointment of all directors: Appropriate candidates for independent directors are sourced through recruitment firms based on the needs of the Board. The Nominating & Remuneration Committee considers shortlisted candidates based on their profiles, professional achievements, and personality assessments, with the needs of the Board in mind. The Nominating & Remuneration Committee then ensures that the candidates are suitable and of sufficient calibre for recommendation to and approval of the Board. 	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b Measure :	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.	
Timeframe :		

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.7

The board should ensure shareholders have the information they require to make an informed decision on the appointment and reappointment of a director. This includes details of any interest, position or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the board and to act in the best interests of the listed company as a whole. The board should also provide a statement as to whether it supports the appointment or reappointment of the candidate and the reasons why.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	 At the upcoming AGM, Mr. Jean Serge Krol and Dato' Dr. Rosini binti Alias will retire by rotation and Ms. Corine Daniel Tap will retire as she was appointed during the year. The Board through its Nominating & Remuneration Committee (NRC) assessed each of the retiring Directors, and considered the following: (i) If there is any evidence of any interest, position or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect, the Directors' capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole; and (ii) The Director's performance and contribution based on the Directors' Peer Assessment results for 2022. For item (i) the NRC have considered and have found that the retiring Directors as set out in the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy. For item (ii), the NRC found that each of the retiring Directors had performed well based on the performance criteria evaluated. (Item (ii) is not relevant to Ms. Corine Danielle Tap as she was appointed to the Board on 1 January 2023). Based on the above, the Board approved the NRC's recommendation and supports the re-election of Mr. Jean Serge Krol and Dato' Dr. Rosini binti Alias, who retire in accordance with Rule 105 of the Company's Constitution, and the re-appointment of Ms. Corine Danielle Tap who retires in accordance with Rule 86.3 of the Company's Constitution.
Explanation for departure	:
Large companies are req to complete the columns	uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged s below.
Measure	:

Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.8

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Chairperson of the Nominating & Remuneration Committee (NRC) is Ms. Saw Chooi Lee, the Board's Senior Independent Director. She was appointed as the Chairperson of the NRC on 25 May 2021.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are rea to complete the column	•	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.9

The board comprises at least 30% women directors.

Application	: Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	: Out of the 8 members currently on the Board, 6 are women. As such the Board comprises of 75% women directors.
Explanation for departure	:
Large companies are rea to complete the column	guired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged s below.
Measure	:
Timeframe	:

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 5.10

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policy on gender diversity for the board and senior management.

Application	:	Applied									
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company's policy on gender diversity for the Board and its Management Team is disclosed in the Integrated Annual Report. The Board currently comprises of 75% women directors and the Management Team comprises of 44% women.									
Explanation for departure	:										
Large companies are req	juir	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged									
to complete the columns	s be	elow.									
Measure	:										
Timeframe	:										

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 6.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out its outcome, actions taken and how it has or will influence board composition.

For Large Companies, the board engages an independent expert at least every three years, to facilitate objective and candid board evaluation.

	y to qualify for adoption of this practice, it must undertake annual board independent expert at least every three years to facilitate the evaluation.
Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	An evaluation of the Board's effectiveness is undertaken each year. A review using External Consultants was carried out for FY2020 and this will be done on a periodic basis moving forward. For FY2022, an internal evaluation was carried out which was led by the NRC Chairperson and facilitated by the Company Secretary. The evaluation was conducted on the Board, the Nominating & Remuneration Committee, the Audit & Risk Committee, the Managing Director and on each individual Board member through a peer evaluation. Key findings are set out in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement in the Integrated Annual Report.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requine to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 7.1

The board has remuneration policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The remuneration policies and practices should appropriately reflect the different roles and responsibilities of non-executive directors, executive directors and senior management. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board has a remuneration policy in place and this policy was last reviewed in November 2021. The policy for Directors' remuneration is to provide a remuneration package needed to attract, retain and motivate directors of quality required to supervise and/or manage the business of the Company. The Non-Executive Directors are paid fixed annual directors' fees as members of the Board and these are approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Remuneration for the Managing Director of the Company is approved by the Board in consultation with the RFC Group. The remuneration for the Managing Director is based on the human resource policies and procedures of the RFC Group. The Company follows the performance appraisal system and compensation and benefits scheme of the RFC Group. For the Managing Director, corporate and individual performance are rewarded through the use of an integrated pay benefits and bonus structure. Market competitiveness, business results and individual performance are also considered by the RFC Group in evaluating the Managing Director's remuneration. The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the Company's website at www.dutchlady.com.my.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are required to complete the columns b	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged pelow.
Measure :	

Timeframe	:	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 7.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Company has a Nominating & Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the NRC's primary responsibilities include periodically reviewing and implementing policies governing the remuneration for Non-Executive Directors and to make recommendations to the Board on all elements of remuneration and terms of employment for the Non-Executive Directors. The Nominating & Remuneration Committee's Terms of Reference is available on the Company's website at <u>www.dutchlady.com.my</u>
Explanation for : departure	
	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors for FY2022 is disclosed below.

			Company ('000)								Group ('000)						
No	Name	Directorate	Fee	Allowance	Salary	Bonus	Benefits-in- kind	Other emoluments	Total	Fee	Allowance	Salary	Bonus	Benefits-in- kind	Other emoluments	Total	
1	Datin Seri Sunita Mei-Lin Rajakumar	Independent Director	126,083	6,500	-	-	-	-	132,583	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
2	Ramjeet Kaur	Executive Director	-	-	779,529	216,617	-	146,435	1,142,581	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
3	Saw Chooi Lee	Independent Director	80,870	14,300	-	-	-	-	95,170	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
4	Dato' Dr. Rosini binti Alias	Non-Executive Non- Independent Director	77,771	11,700	-	-	-	-	89,471	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
5	Tengku Nurul Azian binti Tengku Shahriman	Independent Director	80,198	14,300	-	-	-	-	94,498	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
6	Darren Kong Kam Seong	Independent Director	77,771	14,300	-	-	-	-	92,071	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
7	Bernardus Hermannus Maria Kodden	Non-Executive Non- Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
8	Jean Serge Krol	Non-Executive Non- Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here					
9	Input info here	Choose an item.	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here									
10	Input info here	Choose an item.	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here									
11	Input info here	Choose an item.	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here									
12	Input info here	Choose an item.	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here	Input info here									

1	12	Input info here Choose an item.	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input info	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	
	15		choose an item.	info here	here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here					
	14	Input info horo	Chaosa an itam	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input info	Input						
	14 Input info here Choose an	Choose an item.	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	
	15	Input info horo	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input info	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	
	15 Input info here	Choose an item.	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	info here	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

Application	: Departure
Explanation on application of the practice	:
Explanation for departure	 The most senior member of Management is the Executive Director of the Company and her remuneration is disclosed in this report and in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement in the Integrated Annual Report. Details of the remaining members of senior Management is shared on general terms and on an aggregated basis only as the Board is of the view that it would not be in the best interest of the Company to disclose these details given the competitiveness in the market for good senior managers in the consumer goods industry. The Board feels that the details provided are sufficiently transparent and allows stakeholders to assess the reasonableness of remuneration paid to members of senior management. The Board is of the view that the disclosure of remuneration details may be detrimental to its business interests, given the competitive landscape for key personnel with the requisite knowledge, technical expertise and working experience in the Company's business activities, where intense headhunting is a common industry challenge. Accordingly, such disclosure of specific remuneration information may give rise to recruitment and talent retention issues.
	Alternative: Remuneration details of the most senior member of Management is disclosed in the CG Overview Statement and the remuneration of the other members of Management will be shared on general terms and on an aggregated basis only.
to complete the column	
Measure	: The alternative is sufficiently transparent and allows stakeholders to assess the reasonableness of remuneration paid to members of senior Management.

Timeframe	:	Others	More than 3 years - The Board will
			monitor and review the
			appropriateness of such disclosure
			in the future

			Company					
No	Name	Position	Salary	Allowance	Bonus	Benefits	Other emoluments	Total
1	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.				
2	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.				
3	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.				
4	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.				
5	Input info here	Input info here	Choose an item.	Choose an item.				

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 8.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

					Compar	ע('000)		
No	Name	Position	Salary	Allowance	Bonus	Benefits	Other emoluments	Total
1	Input info here	Input info here						
2	Input info here	Input info here						
3	Input info here	Input info here						
4	Input info here	Input info here						
5	Input info here	Input info here						

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.1

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Chairperson of the Audit & Risk Committee is Tengku Nurul Azian binti Tengku Shahriman. Tengku Nurul Azian is an Independent Non-Executive Director. She is not the Chairperson of the Board.
Explanation for departure	
Large companies are req to complete the columns	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged low.
Measure	
Timeframe	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former partner of the external audit firm of the listed company to observe a cooling-off period of at least three years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board has not appointed any of the Company's former key audit partners as a member of the Audit & Risk Committee. The Audit & Risk Committee will observe a minimum three (3) year cooling-off period before any former key audit partner can be appointed as a member of the Audit & Risk Committee. This requirement is set out in the Audit & Risk Committee's Terms of Reference.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged pelow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor to safeguard the quality and reliability of audited financial statements.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	 In FY2022, the ARC carried out the following, in accordance with the ARC's Terms of Reference: The ARC had additional meetings with the External Auditors twice without the presence of management in addition to the usual meetings with the External Auditors. The ARC also considered the performance of the External Auditor and reviewed the suitability, objectivity, and independence of the External Auditors. The ARC considered the quantum of non-audited related fees paid to the External Auditors.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 9.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate, competent and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The members of the Audit & Risk Committee are all financially literate and have a full understanding of the financial reporting process and the financial matters discussed. The members also attend training on new rules or standards relating to the accounting standards, tax rulings or corporate governance changes. The Chairperson of the Audit & Risk Committee plays an active role in updating the other members on such new developments. The Chairperson, Tengku Nurul Azian binti Tengku Shahriman, is an Advocate and Solicitor of the High Court in Malaya, a Barrister of Law of the Honourable Society of Inner Temple and has an LLB (Hons) from the School of Oriental & African Studies, University of London. She has over 19 years of broad experience in investment banking and corporate finance and was previously the Executive Vice President & Partner of PEMANDU Associates Sdn Bhd, a management consulting firm which is focused on public sector transformation and business turnaround with global experience. She sits on the Boards and Audit and Risk Committees of other companies in Malaysia.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.	
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.1

The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Company adopts the Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) and Internal Control Framework (ICF) which enables Management to identify, assess, prioritise and manage risks on a continuous and systematic basis. The ERM framework issued by RFC is in line with the COSO framework where risks are divided into 4 main categories: Strategic, Operational, Financial & Compliance. The Board, through the Audit & Risk Committee (ARC) continuously reviews the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control framework to ensure that the same are soundly conceived, in place, effectively administered and regularly monitored. As an integral part of the risk management and internal control framework, an assessment is also performed on the internal controls framework, focusing on transparency, accountability and safeguarding of the Company's assets. Outcome of the assessment is reported to the ARC during their quarterly meetings. The Internal Audit function, which is performed in-house, assists the ARC and the Management in the effective discharge of their responsibilities in respect of risk management, internal control and governance.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application :	Applied
Application : Explanation on : application of the practice	Applied Risk Management is an integral part of how the Company does business and it is supported by good governance. Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) practices throughout the organisation enables the Company to accelerate its growth and enhance its performance. This success is built upon by timely identifying, evaluating and effectively mitigating risks that could prevent the organisation from realising its strategic objectives. Prior to the quarterly ARC meeting, the Internal Audit function coordinates a continuous risk dialogue session with all the risk owners and functional heads to identify new risks and update the existing risks in the Company's risk register. The activity would be conducted to update, evaluate and monitor all the risks identified. Mitigating activities are also discussed and adopted. The risks landscape as well as the mitigation plans are assessed and categorised based on the level of impact and likelihood as set out in the ERM framework adopted by the Company. The Company has adopted RFC's Internal Control Framework (ICF) compliance programme that emphasises on key controls surrounding the financial reporting process, the Company's compliance with applicable laws and internal policies, and the effectiveness of the internal processes. On an annual basis, a Control Design Assessment (CDA) exercise is performed to evaluate and review the control design of key internal controls within the Company. This is the followed by a Control Self Assessment (CSA) exercise as well as Independent Testing mechanism to evaluate the effectiveness of the control execution activity. The IA team coordinates both the CDA and the CSA exercise which is performed at different frequencies throughout the year. The IA Team discusses non-compliance areas, if any, and control deficiencies with relevant process owners and reports it in a monitoring tool whilst ensuring the necessary remediation action plan is in place. Completed action plans are then retested to ensure adequate remediatio
	during their quarterly meetings. Further information on this is set out in various sections of the Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Statement of Risk

	Management & Internal Control and the Audit & Risk Committee Report.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are requines to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 10.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	This role has been assumed by the Audit Committee and the committee is now known as the Audit & Risk Committee (ARC).

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 11.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Internal Audit function is performed in-house and reports directly to the ARC. It assists the ARC and the Management in the effective discharge of their responsibilities and its principal role is to undertake independent and systematic reviews of the Company's internal control system so as to provide objective assurance on the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the Company's risk management, internal controls and the overall governance processes. During the year, the Internal Auditor had 4 meetings with the ARC. The Internal Audit function carried out its activities based on the Internal Audit Plan approved by the ARC. The Internal Audit Plan is developed based on the risk profiles identified in accordance with the Company's risk register as well as consultation from relevant Management Team and historical and inherent risk to the business. The ARC reviews the extent of the audit scope and coverage of the Company's activities; and the adequacy, competency and the internal audit resources to support the completion of the plan. At the quarterly ARC meetings, the ARC reviews the progress of internal audit activities and the resource requirements, including interim changes and the impact of resource limitations. The ARC also reviews significant risk and control issues, including investigation reports and special reviews conducted by the Internal Audit team at the request of Management.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 11.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Internal Audit function is independent from the activities of other operating departments and undertakes to review key processes of the Company and its relationships with third parties. The ARC evaluated the performance of the Internal Audit function for FY2022 and was satisfied with the overall performance of the function as it had been effective in performing its duties. The Internal Audit function also provided value added recommendations to the organisation, strengthening its internal controls, and was able to function independently. Further information on this is set out in various sections of the Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Statement of Risk Management & Internal Control and the Audit & Risk Committee Report.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 12.1

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Company disseminates information to its stakeholders through the AGM, its Annual Report and the announcements made on Bursa. The Company's corporate website provides quick access to information about the Company. The information on the corporate website includes the corporate overview, information on the Board of Directors and the Management team, Compass and other Company policies, the Board Charter and Board Committee Terms of References, financial results, announcements to Bursa, minutes of general meetings, the Company's Annual Reports and Circulars to shareholders, the Company's products, media releases, and other corporate news. The Integrated Annual Report provides a comprehensive report on the Company's operations and financial performance. An online version of the full Integrated Annual Report is available and downloadable from the Company's website. The Board shares information to its shareholders during general meetings and encourages shareholders to ask questions which are addressed during the meeting. Minutes of the general meetings, together with a summary of the questions discussed during the meeting are shared on the Company's website within one month of the date of the meeting. The Company also organizes meetings with investment analysts and fund managers periodically. The Company actively responds to requests for discussions with institutional shareholders and analysts, locally and abroad, to provide them better insights into the Company. In FY2022, the Company held two investor relations meetings, in February and November. The presentations shared during those meetings are available on the Company's website.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged

to complete the columns below.

Measure	
Timeframe	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 12.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	For the Integrated Annual Report 2022, the Company has begun the journey into integrated reporting by adopting some of the principals and content elements of the International Integrated Reporting Framework and it is expected that the Integrated Annual Report will evolve over the years. The material matters included and discussed in the Integrated Report are determined based on stakeholders' expectations, real and potential risks associated with both internal and external factors of our business, and most importantly, the strategic direction set by the Board of Directors in fulfilling the Company's purpose. The Company has adopted the International Integrated Reporting Framework and is guided by Bursa Malaysia's Listing Requirements for the non-financial statements, the MCCG for its governance section, the Malaysian Companies Act 2016, and Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards for the financial statements.	
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are requies to complete the columns	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.	
Measure		
Timeframe		

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company's Notice of AGM is published in a local newspaper and is issued to shareholders at least 28 days prior to the date of the AGM.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are re to complete the colum	•	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged clow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company's AGM in May 2022 was held virtually where all Directors were present at the Broadcasting Venue.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.3

Listed companies should leverage technology to facilitate-

- voting including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at general meetings.

Listed companies should also take the necessary steps to ensure good cyber hygiene practices are in place including data privacy and security to prevent cyber threats.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	Since 2020, the Company's general meetings have been held virtually through live streaming and online remote voting. For virtual meetings, only shareholders who have registered and who have been verified by the poll administrator were allowed to participate in the meetings. The meeting and online voting was conducted using a system which contains data privacy and security features. Information on how the shareholders can register, participate and vote during the virtual meeting was provided in the notice of meetings which were delivered to each shareholder in accordance with the terms of the Company's Constitution.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requ to complete the columns b	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged pelow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.4

The Chairman of the board should ensure that general meetings support meaningful engagement between the board, senior management and shareholders. The engagement should be interactive and include robust discussion on among others the company's financial and non-financial performance as well as the company's long-term strategies. Shareholders should also be provided with sufficient opportunity to pose questions during the general meeting and all the questions should receive a meaningful response.

Note: The explanation of adoption of this practice should include a discussion on measures		
undertaken to ensure the general meeting is interactive, shareholders are provided with sufficient		
opportunity to pose questions and the questions are responded to.		
Application :	Applied	
Explanation on :	The Board takes reasonable steps to encourage shareholder	
application of the	participation at general meetings. Shareholders are always encouraged	
practice	to provide questions on the resolutions being proposed or on the	
	Company's operations and performance in general via email before the	
	meeting and via the Q&A portal during the meeting. Answers to	
	questions received beforehand will be dealt with during the Managing	
	Director's presentation or answered verbally during the meeting.	
	During the virtual general meetings, shareholders are encouraged to	
	participate via the Q&A portal during the meeting. Questions received	
	from MSWG were also presented and answered during the meetings.	
Europeantien fen		
Explanation for : departure		
departure		
Larae companies are requi	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged	
to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.5

The board must ensure that the conduct of a virtual general meeting (fully virtual or hybrid) support meaningful engagement between the board, senior management and shareholders. This includes having in place the required infrastructure and tools to support among others, a smooth broadcast of the general meeting and interactive participation by shareholders. Questions posed by shareholders should be made visible to all meeting participants during the meeting itself.

undertaken to ensure opportunity to pose qu	the <u>c</u> Jestio	adoption of this practice should include a discussion on measures general meeting is interactive, shareholders are provided with sufficient ons and the questions are responded to. Further, a listed issuer should also e choice of the meeting platform.
Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The broadcast of the virtual general meetings held in FY2022 ran smoothly and shareholders were able to see and hear the meeting proceedings clearly. Shareholders were also able to participate in the meetings by asking questions via the Q&A portal. These questions were either answered via the portal which was visible to the shareholders or answered verbally by the Managing Director and the Finance Director during the meeting.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are r to complete the colum	•	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 13.6

Minutes of the general meeting should be circulated to shareholders no later than 30 business days after the general meeting.

Note: The publication of Key Matters Discussed is not a substitute for the circulation of minutes of general meeting.

Application	: Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	: The full minutes of meeting which includes answers to the shareholders' questions were available on the company website within 30 days after the general meeting.	
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

Click or tap here to enter text.